JURISDICTION:

General Reference:

Basis for a Speed Law Violation:

Basic Speed Rule:

Statutory Speed Limit: See Other below.

Posted (Maximum) Speed Limit:

Minimum Speed Limit:

Basis for a Speed Law Violation: (continued)

Minimum Speed Limit: (continued)

WEST VIRGINIA

This chapter summarizes West Virginia State statutes related to speed. West Virginia Code and West Virginia Code of State Rules (CSR)

No person may drive a vehicle at speed greater than is reasonable and prudent under the existing conditions and the actual and potential hazards. 17C-6-1(a)

55 MPH on open country highways, controlled-access highways and interstate highways 17C-6-1(b)(3) & (d) Note: The law provides, that for controlled-access and interstate highways, the speed limit shall be not be less than 55 MPH. 17C-6-1(d)

25 MPH in a business or residential district 17C-6-1(b)(2)

15 MPH in a school zone 17C-6-1(b)(1)

I. Based on engineering and traffic investigations, the Commissioner of Highways² may increase or decrease the above speed limits on any interstate or State highway. 17C-6-2 Note: West Virginia law does not specifically state whether different highway speed limits may be established either for different types of vehicles, for various weather conditions or for different times of the day.

Legislative Request. The West Virginia Legislature has requested (1) that the speed limits on all interstate highways be increased to 70 MPH and (2) that the speed limits on all State four-lane highways be increased to 65 MPH. House Concurrent Resolution 21 adopted in 1997

- II. Based on engineering and traffic investigations, a local government may decrease the above speed limits at intersections. 3 17C-2-8(a)(5) & (a)(10) and 17C-6-3(a)
- III. Local governments may increase the above 25 MPH speed limit on highways within a business or residential district. However, no speed limit shall be >55 MPH. 17C-6-3(b)
- VI. Based on engineering and traffic investigations, a local government may decrease the above 55 MPH speed limit on open country highways outside a business or residential district. However, no limit shall be <35 MPH. 17C-6-3(c)
- V. A local government may decrease the 25 MPH speed limit in a residential district. ² 17C-6-3(d)
- VI. Based upon an investigation, the Commissioner of Highways² may establish safe maximum speed limits for bridges or elevated structures. 17C-6-5(b) & (c)
- I. No person shall drive a motor vehicle at such a slow speed as to impede the normal and reasonable movement of traffic. 17C-6-3a(a)
- II. A person, driving at less than the normal speed of traffic, shall drive in the right-hand lane then available for traffic or as close as

'his speed limit is in effect "during school recess or while children are going to or leaving school during opening or closing hours." 17C-6-1(b)(1)

he State Commissioner of Highways was, formally, the State Road Commissioner. 17-2A-1

f the speed alteration by a local government applies to a State highway or an extension thereof, such alteration must be approved by the Commissioner of Highw !-6-3(e)

WEST VIRGINIA

practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway. 17C-7-1(b)

Posted (Minimum) Speed Limit: Based on engineering and traffic investigations, the commissioner

or a local government may establish minimum speed limits for the

highways under their jurisdiction. 17C-6-3a(b)

Other: I. The following speed limits apply to vehicles that are not designed to

carry passengers and are equipped with pneumatic tires: 40 MPH on a county road, 25 MPH in a residential district and 20 MPH in a business

district.⁵ 17C-6-4

II. A vehicle, that is not equipped with pneumatic tires, cannot be

driven >10 MPH. 17C-6-5(a)

III. Speed limits must be posted for construction zones. 17C-3-

4b(a)

Adjudication of Speed Law Violations:

Civil/Criminal Adjudication of Violation: All Speed Law Violations are Misdemeanors. 17C-6-1(e) & (f), 17C-

3-4b, 17C-6-3a(c), 17C-6-5(e), 17C-6-4 and 17C-18-1(a)

Other:

Sanctions Following an Adjudication of a Speed Law Violation:

Criminal Sanctions:

Imprisonment:

Term (Day, Month, Years,

Etc.):

Basic Speed Rule Violation or Exceeding Speed Limit: 1st offense-None 2nd offense (within 1 year)-None 3rd or subsequent offense (within 2 years) where the offender exceed the speed limit by

 \geq 15 MPH -Not more than 6 months 17C-6-1(e)

Speeding <10 MPH Over the Speed Limit on a Controlled-

Access or Interstate Highway: None

Speeding in a School Zone: Exceeding the Speed Limit ≥15 MPH when one or more children are in the school zone-Not more than 6

months 17C-6-1(f)

Sanctions Following an Adjudication of a Speed Law Violation: (continued)

Criminal Sanctions: Imprisonment:

Term (Day, Month, Years,

Term (Day, Month, Tears

Etc.): (continued) Speeding in a Construction Zone: ≥15 MPH Over the Speed

liven that 17C-6-3a(b) concerns the establishment of speed limits, the term commissioner, which is not identified in this section, probably refers to the Commiss ghways and not to the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles. Note: Normally, the term commissioner in Chapter 17C would refer to the Commissioner of Motor Vehic ever, this State official is not usually responsible for establishing speed limits. At the Such level, the authority to establish such limits most often rests with the missioner of Highways. 17-2A-1, 17C-1-1 & 17C 1-27

'rucks weighing ≤8,000 lbs. may be driven at the same speed as passenger cars. 17C-6-4

Mandatory Minimum Term: Fine: Amount (\$ Range):

Mandatory Min. Fine (\$):

Other Penalties: Traffic School:

Other:

<u>Limit</u>-Not more than **20 days** 17C-3-4b(c)

Violation of (1) the Minimum Speed Rule, (2) the Posted Minimum Speed Limit, (3) the Speed Limit for Vehicles with Pneumatic Tires & (4) Speed Limit Established for a Bridge or Elevated Structure: None

All Other Speed Law Violations: ⁶ 1st offense-Not more than 10 days 2nd offense (within 1 year)-Not more than 20 days Subsequent offense-Not more than 6 months 17C-6-4 & 17C-18-1(b)

Basic Speed Rule Violation or Exceeding Speed Limit: 1st offense-Not more than \$100 2nd offense (within 1 year)-Not more than \$200 3rd or subsequent offense (within 2 years)-Not more than \$500 17C-6-1(e)

Speeding <10 MPH Over the Speed Limit on a Controlled-Access or Interstate Highway: Not more than \$5 17C-6-1(g)(1) Speeding in School Zone: \$100 to \$500 17C-6-1(f) Speeding in a Construction Zone: Not more than \$200 17C-3-

Speeding in a Construction Zone: Not more than \$200 17C-3-4b(b) & (c)

Violation of (1) the Minimum Speed Rule, (2) the Posted Minimum Speed Limit, (3) the Speed Limit for Vehicles with Pneumatic Tires & (4) Speed Limit Established for a Bridge or Elevated Structure: 1st offense-Not more than \$100 2nd offense (within 1 year)-Not more than \$200 3rd or subsequent offense (within 2 years)-Not more than \$500 17C-6-3a(c) & 17C-6-5(e)

All Other Speed Law Violations: 1st offense-Not more than \$100 2nd offense (within 1 year)-Not more than \$200 Subsequent offense-Not more than \$500. 17C-18-1(b)

None

If an offender successfully completes a Driver Improvement Program, they may have points deducted from their driving record. CSR 91-5-8 **Alternative Sentences.** In lieu of either a fine or incarceration sanction (except mandatory incarceration via statute), a court may impose one of the following sentences: Either (1) a weekend jail program where the offender spends weekends or other days normally off from work in confinement; (2) first one or two days in confinement followed by work assignments either within the jail or on other public works projects outside of the jail; or, (3) a community service program with either government entities, charitable or other non-profit organizations which have been approved by the court. 62-11A-1a(a) & (c)(1)

<u>Sanctions Following an Adjudication of a Speed Law Violation:</u> (continued)

Licensing Action: Type of Licensing Action

'hese offenses include violations of 17C-6-4 and 17C-7-1(b).

WEST VIRGINIA

(Susp/Rev):

Suspension Based on Frequent Violation of the Traffic Laws 17B-3-6(a)(3) & (4) Note: No abstract of a conviction, for exceeding the speed limit by <10 MPH on either a controlled-access or interstate highway, is transmitted to the licensing agency. 17C-6-1(g)(2) &

Term of License Withdrawal (Days, Months, Years, etc.): Mandatory Minimum Term of

Not more than 1 year 17B-3-8

Withdrawal:

None License action is discretionary. 17B-3-6(a)

Miscellaneous Sanctions Not Included Elsewhere:

Other Criminal Actions Related to Speeding:

Racing on Highway:

Misdemeanor 17C-6-8(a) & (b)

Sanctions: Criminal Sanction: Imprisonment (Term):

1st offense-None 2nd offense-6 to 60 days Subsequent offense-60

days to 4 months 17C-6-8(b)

Mandatory Minimum Term: None

1st offense-\$50 to \$100 2nd offense-\$50 to \$500 Fine (\$ Range): Subsequent

offense-\$100 to \$1,000 17C-6-8(b)

Mandatory Minimum Fine:

None

Administrative Licensing Action:

Licensing Authorized and

Type of Action:

Length of Term of

Revocation 17C-6-8(c)

1st offense-6 months 2nd offense (within 2 years)-2 years Licensing Withdrawal: Subsequent offense (within 5 years)-5 years 17C-6-8(c)

Mandatory Action--Minimum

Length of License

Withdrawal: 1st offense-6 months 2nd offense (within 2 years)-2 years

Subsequent offense (within 5 years)-5 years 17C-6-8(c) These

revocation periods appear to be mandatory.

Other: See Alternative Sentences on p. 277.

Other Criminal Actions Related to Speeding: (continued)

> Reckless Driving: 17C-5-3(a) & 17C-18-1(a) Misdemeanor Sanction:

Criminal:

1st offense-5 to 90 days Subsequent offense-10 days to 6 months Imprisonment (Term):

oint System. The licensing agency has established the following point system to assist it identifying offenders who may be subject to licensing action because of free tions of the traffic laws. I. When an offender has accumulated 12 points, they may be subject to either a waning letter, probation for not more than 1 year or lie nsion for not more than 1 year. CSR 91-5-7 II. The following points have been assigned to speeding or speed related violations: Reckless driving-6 points; speedi ool zone-6 points; speeding >75 MPH on highways with a speed limit <65 MPH-6 points; speeding >80 MPH on highways with a speed limit of 65 MPH-6 points; dr ast for conditions-3 points; speeding in excess of the speed limit where speed was <75 MPH-3 points; and, all other moving violations-2 points. Title 91 CSR, Table 9 17C-5-3(c)

Mandatory Minimum Term

of Imprisonment:

Fine (\$ Range):

Mandatory Minimum Fine:

Administrative Licensing Actions:

Type of Licensing Action

(Susp/Rev):

Length of Term of License

Mandatory Term of License

Withdrawal Action:

Withdrawal Action:

Other:

None

1st offense-\$25 to \$500 Subsequent offense-\$50 to \$1,000 17C-5-

3(c) None

Suspension Based on Frequent Violation of the Traffic Laws⁷ 3-6(a)(3) & (4) Revocation-3 reckless driving convictions within 24

months 17B-3-5(5)

Suspension-Not more than 1 year 17B-3-8 Revocation-1 year

17B-1-1(q)

Suspension-None License action is discretionary. 17B-3-6(a)

Revocation-1 year 17B-1-1(q)

If an offender successfully completes a Driver Improvement Program,

they may have points deducted from their driving record. CSR 91-5-8

See Alternative Sentences on p. 277.

Commercial Motor Vehicle (CMV) Operators⁸:

A person is disqualified from operating a CMV if while driving such a Grounds for Disqualification:

vehicle they either (1) commit 2 "serious traffic violations" within a 3 year period or (2) commit 3 such violations within a 3 year period.

17E-1-13(e)

Period of Disqualification: 2 serious violations (within 3 years)-Not less than 60 days 3 serious

violations (within 3 years)-Not less than **120 days** 17E-1-13(e)

Period of Mandatory Disqualification: 2 serious violations (within 3 years)-60 days 3 serious violations

(within 3 years)-120 days 17E-1-13(e)

a person who has obtained a commercial driver's license (CDL) and is qualified to operate a commercial motor vehicle. A commercial motor vehicle is defined as a ve ned to carry either passengers or property and either has a gross vehicle weight of ≥26,001 lbs., is designed to transport 16 or more persons, or is transporting hazar rials which requires that the vehicle to be placarded in accordance with U.S. Department of Transportation regulations. 17E-1-3 & 49 CFR 383.5

^{\ &}quot;serious traffic violation" includes exceeding the speed limit by 15 or more MPH or reckless driving. 17E-1-3

WEST VIRGINIA